

SECUI



MISSION

OMB APPROVAL

3235-0123 OMB Number:

February 28, 2010 Expires: Estimated average burden Hours per response. 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8- 21802

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

FACING PAGE

Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2009 12/31/2009 AND ENDING MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION OFFICIAL USE ONLY NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Highland Securities Co. FIRM I.D. NO. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 120 Broadway (No. and Street) New York **New York** (Zip Code) (City) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT Stephen Abramowitz (212) 964-5545 (Area Code - Telephone Number) B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* MaloneBailey LLP, Certified Public Accounting Firm (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name) 10038 15 Maiden Lane, Suite 1003 New York New York (State) (Zip Code) (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Harry Muller	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial state	ment and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Highland Securities Co.	, as
of December 31 , 20	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal c	officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
	¥
	11
	Haymell
	Signature
DIERDRE STEINHAUS AINBINDER	Signaturo
Notary Public, State of New York No. 01Al4899711	General Partner
Qualified in Nassau County	Title
Commission Expires July 6, 20	
Notary Public	
Notary Public	
This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	•
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Pa	artners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to	Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Require	ements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control F	Requirements under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation the Computation for Determination of the Reserve	n, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited consolidation.	d statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found	d to exist or found to have existed since the date of the

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2009

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

DECEMBER 31, 2009

INDEX

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	2
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	3-6

MALONEBAILEY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

15 MAIDEN LANE - SUITE 1003 - NEW YORK, NY 10038 - TEL (212) 406-7272 - FAX (212) 513-1930

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Partners of Highland Securities Co. New York, NY

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Highland Securities Co. as of December 31, 2009. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Highland Securities Co. as of December 31, 2009, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

MaloneBailey, LLC

Certified Public Accountants PC

Malone Bailey LLP

New York, New York

March 31, 2010

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash Securities and options owned, at fair value (Note 4) Interest and dividends receivable Due from Clearing Broker	\$	21,976 2,664,046 1,973 149,174
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,837,169
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL		
Securities and options sold, not yet purchased, at fair value (Note 4) Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,210,680 11,500
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,222,180
Partners' capital	_	614,989
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL	\$	2,837,169

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 1- ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Highland Securities Co. (the "Company") is a partnership that is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the NYSE-AMEX (formerly the American Stock Exchange).

The Company is engaged as a specialist on the NYSE-AMEX. The company hedges its risk with either equities and/or the related equity options.

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various investment and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Securities and options contract transactions and related revenue and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis with their resulting gains and losses based on a daily mark-to-market of all security and options positions. Securities and options contracts owned, and securities and options contracts sold, not yet purchased, are stated at fair value, with related changes in unrealized appreciation and depreciation reflected in trading gains on the statement of income.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect the adoption of recent accounting pronouncements to have any material impact on its financial condition or the results of its operations.

NOTE 3- FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

Fair Value Measurements

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ASC 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements" ("ASC 820-10"), effective January 1, 2008. The provisions of ASC 820-10 are to be applied prospectively.

ASC 820-10 clarifies that fair value is an estimate of the exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants (i.e., the exit price at the measurement date). Under ASC 820-10, fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction cost. ASC 820-10 provides for use of a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable, either directly or indirectly, and reasonably available. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs reflect the assumptions that the Company develops based on available information about what market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability.

An asset or liability's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Availability of observable inputs can vary and is affected by a variety of factors. The Company uses judgment in determining fair value of assets and liabilities and Level 3 assets and liabilities involve greater judgment than Level 1 and Level 2 assets or liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 3- FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS (continued)

The following are the Company's investments owned and securities sold short by level within the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2009.

Assets Marketable securities	Fair Value \$ 2,664,046	Fair Value <u>Hierarchy</u> Level 1
<u>Liabilities</u> Marketable securities sold short	\$2,210,680_	Level 1

NOTE 4- NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is a member of the American Stock Exchange and is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. This Rule requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital may not exceed 15 to 1, and equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Company's net capital was \$299,631 which was \$199,631 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 0.0384 to 1.

NOTE 5- OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISKS

Pursuant to a clearance agreement, the Company will introduce all of its securities transactions to its sole clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. Therefore, all of the Company's money balances and long and short security positions will be carried on the books of the clearing broker. Under certain conditions as defined in the clearance agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses, if any, which the clearing broker may sustain from carrying securities transactions introduced by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing broker monitor collateral on the securities transactions introduced by the Company.

NOTE 6- GUARANTEES

FASB ASC 952-10, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. ASC 952-10 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence or non occurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. ASC 952-10 also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 6- GUARANTEES (continued)

Indemnifications

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and custody agents, trustees and administrators, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company or its affiliates. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under the indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

The Company provides representations and warranties to counterparties in connection with a variety of commercial transactions and occasionally indemnifies them against potential losses caused by the breach of those representations and warranties. The Company may also provide standard indemnifications to some counterparties to protect them in the event additional taxes are owed or payments are withheld, due either to a change in or adverse application of certain tax laws. These indemnifications generally are standard contractual terms and are entered into in the normal course of business. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the consolidated financial statements for these indemnifications.

NOTE 7- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events through March 31, 2010, the date these financial statements were issued. The Company does not believe there are any events that require disclosure.